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CHRONICLE-UNION.

ALEX. C. FOLGER. ROBT. M. FOLGER.

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FROM DANCING FLOOR TO SURF

Men and Maidens in Honolulu Take a Swim During Intermissions of Ball.

"I had the pleasure of attending one of the unique entertainments—a swimming party—that are a feature of Honolulu, and are probably known nowhere else in the world," writes a correspondent of the Chicago Daily Inter Ocean. "It was given at Waikiki, a seaside annex of the Royal Hawaiian hotel. The apartment known as the lanai looks directly upon the sea, the waves breaking beneath the windows and against the steps of the piazzas. In the rear of the lanai is a large apartment for dancing, and opening from this an immense dining-room. The musculine guests were, with a few exceptions, officers from our own men of war and from the English corvette Garnett, now in the harbor—handsome young fellows, who cleared their throats a great deal, curtailed the r's piteously, and danced with much muscular vigor. They did not possess the ease of manner peculiar to their American fellow officers.

"There was first a waltz or two, then the party separated, disappeared, and reappeared clad in bathing suits. The guests then moved in procession across the long pier, and the young girls, clasping their hands above their heads, leaped into the surf, accompanied by their escorts. They swam and dived in the clear water like mermen and mermaids. The southern cross rose above the horizon; palms were outlined in the moonlight against the clear sky; the surf dashed its white foam against the reefs beyond the lagoon; the air was filled with the fragrance of a thousand flowers; the singing boys sat upon the pier, and their wild music made a fitting accompaniment to one of the strangest scenes I ever beheld.

"After a time the swimmers repaired to their rooms, redonned their evening dress, and the ball went on as if it had never been interrupted. It was difficult to realize that the young women in their white gowns, sashes and French-heeled shoes were the same whose white arms and bare feet had been battling with the breakers half an hour before. The dancing was followed by supper, then the waltzing and singing were resumed, and the morning was well on its way before the guests made their adieus and took their departure."

LIVING BAROMETERS.

A Young Girl Who Grows Violent When Storms Approach.

Two very curious natural barometers have been lately described by observers of such things. The first consists of a half-pint glass, half filled with water, a leech, and a piece of muslin. The leech is put into the water, and the muslin is tied over the top of the glass, so that the little creature cannot escape. When the weather is to be fine the leech will remain coiled up and motionless at the bottom of the glass, under the water. When it leaves the water and crawls to the top of the glass rain may be expected, and wet weather will continue as long as the leech remains there. If there is to be a heavy wind the little creature will contort itself violently, and squirm about in the liveliest fashion, and a thunderstorm may be looked for when he seems to be suffering from convulsions.

The other strange barometer is found in the person of a young girl living in Pennsylvania, who when the weather is to be clear and sunshiny has a remarkably pleasant disposition, but who becomes morose and disagreeable if clouds are approaching, and who foretells storms by becoming almost unmanageable. Sometimes she has to be tied up when the storms increase in force, but when they become milder so does she, until finally with the returning sun she is peaceful once more. Neither of these strange barometers is likely to prove popular substitutes in cities for the ordinary instrument that does similar prophetic work, or on the farms for the farmer's rheumatism or pet corn, by means of which the changes of the weather are there customarily foretold.

THE COLOR OF SOUND.

How the Tone of a Trumpet Influences the Brain.

We recognise the happiness of the well-known analogy traced by a blind man between scarlet and the sound of a trumpet, because those who can both see and hear accept the aptness of comparison between the two forces which powerfully affect, one the optic, the other the auditory, nerves. But scarlet is not the exact analogue of a trumpet blast.

The sensation of color is imparted to the brain by means of vibratory waves communicated to the all-pervading medium, ether; that of sound by similar waves communicated to the denser medium, atmosphere. If the analogue between scarlet and a trumpet blast were a true one each should affect the sensorium by means of vibration of a rapidity similar in proportion to that caused by other colors and tones.

But that is not so, says Blackwood's Magazine. The pitch of a tone increases with the number of vibrations in a given time; the tone of a trumpet is high because it causes relatively rapid sound waves. But the vibrations caused by a ray of red light are few compared with those caused by other rays, for the vibrations arising from the red end of the spectrum amount only to about four hundred and fifty-six billions in a second, whereas those from the violet end amount to about six hundred and sixty-seven billions. So the blind man was only vaguely successful in comparing a lively sound with a vivid color.

INNOVATION IN SHIPBUILDING.

A Steel Serpent to Plow the Pacific and Carry Passengers.

In a few months a long, low and rakish craft, which will be one of the wonders of navigation, will start across the Pacific from this coast for China on regular trips. At present, says the San Francisco Examiner, the queer vessel is nearing completion at Everett, a new and lively town north of Seattle, which was commenced only a little over a year ago and now has some five thousand people.

The vessel is being built by the Pacific Steel Barge company, the same company that constructed the Wetmore, lately wrecked at Yaquina bay. Like the Wetmore, the new vessel will be a whaleback, but she will be much longer, twice as strong, and will also carry passengers as well as freight. She is being provided with sixty cabins, and these will be neatly and comfortably fitted. She will be 161 feet long and 42 feet beam and 26½ feet depth of hole. About 900 tons of steel is being used in her construction, and 100 tons of rivets are being utilized to hold the steel together.

The new and strange vessel is to be called the Everett, after the town where she is being made. Not much of her will be out of water. In general she will look like a great serpent with only her back shown above the waves, a few turrets and the porthole-like places which will indicate where the cabins are.

The builders have learned a lesson from the destruction of the Wetmore, though they say it would never have been lost but for the carelessness of its commander, and have taken great pains to make it in all respects seaworthy. It will, it is stated, run from Everett to San Francisco and thence to Yokohama and Hongkong, back again here and to Everett. It is said, also, that it will be faster than any of the Pacific Mail or Occidental and Oceanic passenger ships now running from here to Chinese and Japan ports, and on this account is expected to do much business.

Maritime men here are regarding it with much interest. If it proves the success that is claimed it will be the strangest innovation of shipbuilding.

REMARKABLE HELEN KELLAR.

The Little Girl Whose Case Parallels That of Laura Bridgman.

Helen Kellar, the remarkable child who, although born blind and deaf and dumb in Alabama, has accomplished so much that is beautiful and inspiring, numbers among her friends many persons of royal station in European courts who never saw her. One of these, says the Boston Post, is the queen of Greece, who learned of Helen through Michael Anagnos, the director of the institution for the blind, when he visited Greece some time ago. The interest which the queen took in Helen was so intense that she exacted from Mr. Anagnos a promise that he would let her read every letter that Helen wrote to him while she was at the Greek capital, and when he was about to return to this country she induced him to permit her to retain several of the letters that she had read, which are treasured very highly at the court. The queen expressed on more than one occasion her surprise that Helen, who is not yet in her teens, should have so remarkable a command of the purest English, and hinted that the child might have had some assistance in the preparation of her wonderful letters. But Mr. Anagnos disposed of that thought by informing her majesty that there was no person connected with the institution who could write English so faultlessly sweet and pure as Helen wrote, since the little girl never had had an opportunity to form acquaintance with any but the loftiest models of the language. Helen has learned to articulate and can speak as freely and fully as any unafflicted person. When she wishes to hold a long conversation with anybody dear to her she places one finger across the lips of the speaker and another on the throat at the larynx. In this way she understands every word that is uttered as rapidly as could be understood by a person with good eyesight and hearing.

Valuable Papers Destroyed for Gain.

Not long ago says the Philadelphia Record, a local collector, whose letters of rare interest only his most intimate friends are allowed to see, secured possession of about twenty letters of a revolutionary hero which were most valuable historically on account of the new light they threw upon some disputed points. Their number, however, necessarily reduced their individual commercial value, so ten of them were consigned to the flames without having even been copied. The value of the remaining ten was, of course, enhanced greatly by this course. To such collectors the money value of a letter is the only point to be considered, and they do not hesitate to make any sacrifice that will increase this value. Many very important historical letters have recently been destroyed in this way.

The Docile Elephant.

An elephant gives, perhaps, the best instance of disciplined courage to be seen in the animal world. They will submit, day after day, to have painful wounds dressed in obedience to their keeper, and meet danger in obedience to orders, though their intelligence is sufficient to understand the peril and far too great for a man to trick them into a belief that it is non-existent. No animal will face danger more readily at man's bidding.

TELEPHOTOGRAPHY.

Cameras That Will Photograph Objects at a Distance.

Every one who is interested in photographs of outdoor scenes—and who is not?—must often have wished for some satisfactory means of obtaining larger pictures of distant, unattainable objects than can be got with an ordinary camera. The writer of this remembers with keen regret that the lack of such an instrument or device prevented him from obtaining some most desirable pictures during a visit to the Yellowstone Park.

For instance, many mud swallows build their nests under the projecting ledges of the "Liberty Cap" at the Mammoth hot springs, and sitting in the open doors of their habitations they gaze down upon the spectator beneath with the indifference of conscious security. With a camera that combined the powers of a telescope and a photographic plate a most pleasing picture of these birds, showing them apparently close at hand, could have been made.

Such cameras have been devised, but it is only quite recently that they have assumed a fairly satisfactory form. The desired result is brought about by means of a peculiarly-constructed lens, consisting of a positive lens in front and a negative lens of much shorter focal length in the rear. This gives an image several times as large as that obtained with an ordinary camera.

With such an instrument photographs of birds and other animals which cannot be approached closely can be made, showing them in their natural attitudes and of a sufficient size to exhibit their characteristic features. It is also suggested that this method of telephotography will prove useful in astronomy.

MAMMOTH SAUSAGES.

One That Required the Services of Ninety-One Men to Carry It.

In former times it was the custom in many German towns to manufacture sausages of enormous length, and carry them on festive occasions in solemn procession through the streets. On New Year's day in 1558 a giant sausage 198 ells in length was carried in triumph by forty-eight persons. But in the year 1583, according to a German paper, it took ninety-one persons to carry a sausage 590 ells long and weighing 434 pounds. The chronicler of the period says: "The butchers' men were all neatly attired in white blouses. The first man wound one end of the sausage several times round his neck with a portion of it hanging down in front, the rest followed at equal distances carrying the trophy on their shoulders, and the last one had the other end wound round his neck like the man at the head of the procession." In the year 1001 we are told that the sausage attained a length of 1,005 ells, 120 of which were presented to their serene highnesses at the castle. All this happened at Konigsberg. In 1613 Emperor Matthias regaled the princess of the house of Austria with a tournament, at which the butchers of Vienna gave a representation of a peasant's wedding, and paraded the streets with a sausage measuring 999 ells.

CELTIC MANIFESTATIONS.

The Joys and Sorrows of the Irish as Expressed in Their Music.

In the Irish dirges and laments there is great similarity to the music of the West Highlands, only the Irish music having been written in most instances for the harp (which has all the notes of the voice) is a music of full and sweet harmonies, and has not the omissions and deficiencies of the pentatonic scale in which all music for the pipes was written. While the melancholy of the Celtic people finds inadequate expression in these laments—plaintive, wailing airs, something between recitative and melody—another and not less characteristic side of the Irish temperament is very truthfully illustrated in their songs of humor.

About these, says the Saturday Review, there is an inimitable raciness, a fresh and sparkling wit, a spontaneous ring of chaff and fun, with a dash of chivalrous sentiment, and an airy lightness which give to them the unmistakable Hibernian accent, and to which there is no exact counterpart in the songs of England or Scotland.

A Shady Transaction.

An Illinois conductor tells the following story: "We pulled into Alton one day, and, among other passengers to get aboard, were two very large colored people of the common 'persimmon class,' and very ignorant. As I came by taking up tickets, the old gentleman dug out two tickets from the deep recesses of his tattered vest, and, as he handed them up, said: 'One of dese is foh me, the udder is foh her.' I looked at the tickets critically, and then, turning sharply to the old fellow, I asked: 'Which is yours and which is hers?' The old man began stammering something, but the old lady cut him short by hitting him a terrific whack with her fist on the side of the head, exclaiming: 'Dar now, you ignunt nigguh, I done told yuh yuh'd git us into trouble, and now yuh see yuh done got de law on us.'"

Land Birds at Sea.

Every steamer that plies along the Atlantic coast is a refuge for birds that are blown out to sea, mostly small and not strong of wing. When disturbed or frightened by people on the deck they fly in the air and fall behind the ship, and after several such disturbances they become so tired that they can no longer catch up. After hopelessly chasing the vessel for several miles they flutter into the sea and drown.

SWORD AND GUN.

COL. BOYKIN and all the officers of Maryland's crack regiment, the Fifth, have resigned owing to trouble growing out of a conflict of authority at the inauguration of Cleveland.

THE extreme range, three hundred and sixty yards, of an English war bow of the middle ages was almost as great as the effective range, four hundred yards, of a musket in our Mexican war.

THIS is not a military country, and officers of the army and navy take care not to be found in uniform when off duty. The proper attire for a social affair of official character is, of course, full dress uniform, but no officer appears at a private gathering in such attire if he can avoid it.

CAPT. JOHN C. DOUGHERTY, of Jackson, Mich., is anxious to restore to friends of the owner a sword taken from a line officer of an Indiana or Illinois regiment who was killed at the battle of Malvern Hill. The only mark of identification to be found on the well-preserved sword is the initials "H. W. C." scratched on the butt of the handle.

MUSICAL MISCELLANY.

THE Harvard faculty will hereafter refuse to allow the Freshmen glee club to give concerts out of town.

THE students of the University of Michigan meet every Saturday morning for the purpose of singing college songs.

SIR ARTHUR SULLIVAN is said to have struck a million notes on a piano in eight hours. The performance was the result of a challenge.

MARSELLAISE hymn is ascribed to Rouget de Lille, a French engineer officer, in 1793, intended to cheer the conscripts at Strasburg.

WALTER B. ROGERS, the popular cornetist, has been appointed leader of the Seventh Regiment band of New York, to succeed the late C. A. Cappa.

DR. JOHN A. BROADUS relates that Ole Bull once said to him: "If I quit practicing on my violin for a day I notice the difference; if I quit for two days my friends notice the difference; if I quit for a week everybody notices the difference."

IMPORTANT FOREIGNERS.

MR. GLADSTONE would be the favorite boarder in an American private hotel. He is found of rice pudding and prunes.

MODJESKA carries in "Henry VIII." a handkerchief which is said to have been the property of Queen Isabella. Whether this is true or not the handkerchief is one of he rarest pieces of old Spanish lace in existence.

THE dethroning of Liliuokalani leaves but three real queens in the world. They are Queen Victoria, Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, and Queen Ranavalo III., of Madagascar. All the rest of those who claim the title are either in exile, are acting as regents or are the wives of kings.

THIS year Louis Kossuth will be 91; Neal Dow, 89; Ferdinand de Lesseps and David Dudley Field, 89; Gladstone and Oliver Wendell Holmes, 84; Pope Leo and Senator Morrill, 83; Harriet Beecher Stowe, 81; Allen G. Thurman, 80; Verdi, 79; Bismarck, Gen. Early, C. W. Couldock and Elizabeth Cady Stanton, 78.

NAMES NOT MENTIONED.

A LOUISVILLE barber cuts hair with a razor more artistically than his rivals with shears.

A FOUR-YEAR-OLD boy in Georgia is said to weigh ninety pounds, wear a No. 7 hat and a No. 6 shoe.

A RESIDENT of Henry county, Ga., is the owner of a hen's egg that weighs a quarter of a pound and measures eight inches in circumference.

A WASHERWOMAN sent lately for moneys due her with this explanation, delivered by a glib little girl: "Mamma says she hopes it won't put you out, but she hasn't got a cent in the house and she must have her bangs cut."

A DEAD bullfrog owned by a resident of New Haven, Conn., is claimed to be one of the oldest and largest frogs in this part of the world. The animal is known to be at least fourteen years old, and measures eighteen inches from head to foot, twelve inches across the back and weighs four pounds.

INDUSTRIAL FIGURES.

CANTON, China, exports 12,000,000 fans every year.

THE largest Canadian fish hatchery is at Selkirk. It has a capacity of 150,000,000.

EUROPE has 50,000 match factories, and they yearly produce matches valued at $50,000,000.

IT is estimated that during the last five years the turpentine gatherers of Georgia have destroyed $200,000,000 worth of pine timber.

THE largest vineyard in the world, according to a correspondent, belongs to Senator Stanford, of California. It consists of 3,500 acres of bearing vines.

IN one of the Comstock mines a new water wheel is to be placed which is to run 1,150 revolutions a minute, and to have a speed at its periphery of 10,885 feet per minute. A greater head of water than has ever before been applied to a wheel will be used.

SPORTS AND SPORTSMEN.

DETROIT capitalists are turning Whitefish lake, in Michigan, into a large fish pound.

MR. CARLISLE is the only member of the cabinet who is not an enthusiastic fisherman.

CHRONICLE-UNION

BRIDGEPORT, JUNE 10, 1893.

Entered at the Bridgeport Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

SAN FRANCISCO AGENTS.

E. G. DAKE—Merchants' Exchange.
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BOSH.

General Secretary Baer of the Young People's Christian Endeavor Society, of Boston, sent to President Higinbotham of the World's Fair, a telegram which says:

"I beg leave to inform you that advices are coming to me from local societies all over the United States and Canada, stating their determination to remain away from the Fair altogether if the gates are opened Sundays. Already thousands are at work securing the same decision from others.—The Christian Endeavor Societies now marshal one million and a half young men and women, and we mean to do everything in our power to prevent the disgrace of the action and prevent the financial failure of the Exposition."

It is safe to say that very few of those "young men and women" will stay away from the Fair—if they can get there. And for every one staying away on account of its Sunday opening hundreds will visit it on that day, which would probably be the only day on which they could do so.

A VALUABLE CONCERN.

We call attention to the Pension and Patent advertisements of the Press Claims Co. of Washington, D. C., to be found on this page. This Company has on its staff lawyers who are specialists in the matter of patents, pensions, homesteads, pre-emptions, mining patents, etc., which enables the Company to secure patents to lands, mines, and inventions without the delay that has been so long the custom. Pensioners, or those desiring pensions, should entrust their business with the Press Claims Company, which will attend to it for a very reasonable fee. The Company is one of the most responsible incorporations in the Union and all business in its line will be promptly attended to. Write and get their terms.

A "JUMBO."—The San Francisco Examiner on Sunday last issued its World's Fair edition—a perfect Jumbo of a paper—the greatest paper ever printed, it consisting of 120 pages. The cover is printed in colors and is an artistic specimen of the art preservative. It contains a sketch of every county in the State, with illustrations of their principal towns, etc., and is otherwise profusely illustrated. Some of the principal papers of the country have been getting out mammoth papers, notably the N. Y. World, which issued a 100-page one, but the Examiner has scooped them all, and it is a credit to California Newspaperdom.

In Error.

The mammoth Examiner of Sunday last erred greatly in its notice of Mono county, when it said that Bodie depends on mining and stock raising for its existence, and that Bridgeport depends on mining. Bodie is a strictly mining camp, but Bridgeport does not owe its existence to mining, its business being stockraising and agriculture.—It also says that Benton is, next to Bodie, the largest town in the county. Bridgeport is the largest town, excepting Bodie.—We hope its notice of the other counties is more correct.

While inspecting at Vienna, the German Hussars, a crack Austrian regiment, Colonel Szmessanyi was angered by the clumsiness of a non-commissioned officer. With an oath he gave the officer a box on the ear.—Upon returning, flushed and weeping, to his men the officer took a carbine and shot himself in the head. He died on the parade ground. It is reported that Emperor Franz Joseph has ordered the arrest of Colonel Szmessanyi pending his trial by court martial.

The Ellis Island, N. Y., officials detained nine Italians lately, all of whom had been imprisoned in Italy for using the stiletto. The men were passengers on the steamship Bolivia, which left Gibraltar prior to the new immigration law going into effect, and for that reason had not answered the questions as to whether they had been imprisoned or not.

If Italy is going to continue sending her convicts and Mafias to this country, it is in order to pass an Italian Exclusion Act.

The old St. Ignatius building on Market street, San Francisco, is to be torn down and a magnificent ten-story building erected on its site. About $4,000,000 will be expended before it will be ready for occupation.

Cleveland's Administration has brought to the front more individuals with queer names than any former one. And now comes Pod Dismuke, who wants to be U. S. Marshal, of Georgia.

Glasgow importers of Canadian cattle have sent word to exporters to stop shipping, as the requirements by the Board of Agriculture that cattle shall be slaughtered upon arrival are ruinous to the trade.

The Ohio Republican State Convention on Wednesday boomed McKinley for next President.

UP AGAIN.

Mike DeYoung is continually trying to pose as one of California's great benefactors. He has again bobbed up in Chicago, where he has proposed to move the World's Fair to San Francisco! Great Scott! The suggestion, with the proposed raising of not less than $1,000,000, and up to $5,000,000, by subscription among the merchants and capitalists of that city, took the breath out of the average San Franciscan, and when Mayor Ellert called a meeting of its moneyed men to consider De Young's brilliant proposition, only four responded, and none were what are called moneyed men. A meeting of De Young's toadies in Chicago was held to indorse De Young's scheme and bifulutin resolutions were telegraphed to Mayor Ellert that 3,000 foreign exhibitors were crying to come to San Francisco to show their goods. It is our opinion that 300 foreign exhibitors could not be induced to come to California for such a purpose. When the Fair closes they will be ready to return to their European, or Asiatic homes. And again, who of them would want to transport valuable exhibits to this coast in the Winter? If San Francisco cannot raise sufficient money to bring a railroad to that city, her people cannot be depended on to spend their money for a mere fair, to enable a few foreigners to exhibit their handiwork and inventions.—When the great Fair comes to an end it will be an "old thing" to the people of the United States, and a second hand edition of it in San Francisco would be a lamentable failure. It is a ridiculous proposition and worthy of De Young's brilliancy. It would be a lamentable failure and a disgrace to the State.

G. A. R. NOTICE!

We take this opportunity of informing our subscribers that the new Commissioner of Pensions has been appointed. He is an old soldier, and we believe that soldiers and their heirs will receive justice at his hands. We do not anticipate that there will be any radical changes in the administration of pension affairs under the new regime.

We would advise, however, that U. S. soldiers, sailors, and their heirs, take steps to make application at once, if they have not already done so, in order to secure the benefit of the early filing of their claims in case there should be any future pension legislation. Such legislation is seldom retroactive. Therefore it is of great importance that applications be filed in the Department at the earliest possible date.

If U. S. Soldiers, Sailors, or their Widows, Children, or Parents desire information in regard to pension matters, they should write to The Press Claims Company, at Washington, D. C., and they will prepare and send the necessary application, if they find them entitled under the numerous laws enacted for their benefit

ADDRESS

PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY
John Wedderburn,
Managing Attorney,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
P. O. Box 555.

NEW TO-DAY.

BRIDGEPORT LIVERY AND SALE STABLE,

CORNER of MAIN and SINCLAIR STREETS, BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

Horses boarded by the Day, Week or Month. Baled Hay, Oats, Barley and Wheat for sale in Quantities to Suit.

☞ Single or Double Teams at all hours.

A. D. WALTZE, Proprietor.

[je10 tf]

WOLVERINE SALOON AND BILLIARD PARLORS,

CORNER of MAIN and SINCLAIR STREETS, BRIDGEPORT.

☞ The SALOON and PARLORS have been refitted, and the BAR is stocked with the BEST of LIQUORS, WINES, and CIGARS. And will be conducted first class.

je10 B. L. SIMMONS, Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

THE HAMILL RANCH,

Situated 15 miles from Benton, Mono County, California.

This ranch is 160 acres of the best of grain and grass land—a portion is in alfalfa, and all is irrigated. Terms cash.

For particulars, address

MRS. WM. HAMILL,
je2 Benton, Mono County, Cal.

1776. 1893.

The Citizens of BRIDGEPORT

WILL CELEBRATE

THE

FOURTH OF JULY.

A PROCESSION,
LITERARY
EXERCISES, VOCAL and INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC,
GAMES.
HORRIBLES.

GRAND BALL

AT

BRYANT'S HALL.

WIT AND WISDOM.

EVERY reform that counts and stays begins in the heart.

NO MATTER who he is, the man who never gives is a slave.

THERE is more power in gentleness than there is in dynamite.

NOTHING will do more to put wrinkles in your face than worrying about things you can't help.

THE man who inspects the car wheels is as necessary to the safety of the traveler as the president of the road.

IT is only when we are willing to be useful and faithful in little things that we can accomplish that which is truly great.

NO MATTER whether he has been to college or not, the man who can keep sweet when things go wrong is a man of power.—Ram's Horn.

NEWS OF THE ORIENT.

EVERY Chinese village has a theater.

A CHINESE bank note 500 years old is preserved in a Chinese museum.

A DISEASE peculiar to Japan is called the kake. It is believed to result from eating too much rice.

THERE is a lake near the Japanese town of Nara in which no person is permitted to bathe, because once, many years ago, a Japanese emperor bathed there and the waters have since been held sacred.

JAPAN imports about 175,000 pounds of butter yearly, of which about 70,000 pounds are from the United States, and 50,000 pounds from France. A large quantity of fresh butter is manufactured there, and it is preferred to that imported in tins, which is used almost entirely for cooking purposes.

Several residences were burned on Lyon and Page streets, San Francisco, on Wednesday morning, and three firemen were killed.

The closing of the Carson Mint makes a difference of $5,000 a month to the people of that town.

Reno is to have a shoe factory with $10,000 capital.

MEDICAL.

California

A Pioneer's Experience With Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"I am a pioneer in this county, having been here 30 years. Four years ago my little son Ellery became blood-poisoned by impure virus in vaccination. His arm swelled terribly, causing great agony; physicians said the arm must be amputated, and even then his recovery would be doubtful. One day I read about a blood purifier, new to me, and was surprised to learn that it was prepared by C. I. Hood, with whom I used to go to school in Chelsea, Vt. I decided to have my boy try Hood's Sarsaparilla, and was much gratified when it seemed to help him. He continued to grow better as we gave him the Sarsaparilla, and having used 3 bottles is now entirely cured. As Hood's Sarsaparilla has accomplished such wonderful results, I recommend it all I possibly can." JEROME M. SLEEPER, Upper Lake, Lake Co., Cal.

The City Treasurer

of Lowell, Mass., says: "The above is from my brother, whose signature I recognized. I am also glad to testify to the excellence of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and to say that C. I. Hood & Co. are considered one of the most reliable firms in New England." VAN B. SLEEPER, City Treasurer, Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by druggists. $1, six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

MISCELLANEOUS.

Teachers' Examination.

OFFICE OF THE SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS, Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal., May 1, 1893.

THE NEXT REGULAR MEETING OF THE County Board of Education of Mono County will be held on

TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1893,

at Bridgeport.

Applicants for Teachers' Certificates or Diplomas will please file their intentions with the School Superintendent, and Secretary of the Board.

The following are the studies required for a Primary Grade Certificate:

Arithmetic,
Grammar,
Geography,
Composition,
United States History,
Orthography,
Defining,
Penmanship,
Reading,
Methods of Teaching,
School Law,
Industrial Drawing,
Physiology,
Entomology,
Elementary Bookkeeping,
Vocal Music.

The additional branches required for Grammar Grade Certificates are as follows:

Philosophy,
Algebra.
English Literature.

CORNELIA RICHARDS,
my6-td Superintendent of Schools.

ALLAN FORMAN Publisher **THE JOURNALIST**

Devoted to Newspapers, Authors, Artists, Publishers, and Advertisers.

$4 per year. 10 cents a copy.

THE LADDER OF JOURNALISM,

A Text Book for Correspondents, Reporters, Editors and General Writers.

Price 50 cents.

Blue Pencil Rules, by A. S. Hovins.

Short, simple and practical rules for making and editing newspaper copy, and of equal value to all who wish to write correct English.

Price 10 cents.

ALLAN FORMAN,
117 Nassau Street, New York, N. Y.

YOU
SHOULD TAKE
THE
CHRONICLE-UNION
AT
$3 A YEAR.

LEGAL.

Taxes. 1892. Taxes.

NOTICE
TO
TAX PAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE

SECOND AND LAST INSTALLMENT

of the Tax on the REAL ESTATE in Mono county, California, being One half (½) of said tax, is now due and payable: and, if not paid prior to the

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF APRIL, 1893,

at SIX o'clock P. M. of that day, a penalty of FIVE (5) per cent. will be added thereto.

ALSO, further NOTICE is given, that the Tax on the whole of the Personal property, and one-half (½) the Real Estate, which was not paid when due, as the First Installment, prior to the 20th day of November, 1892, and to which a penalty of Fifteen (15) per cent. was added thereto is due and payable, and, if not paid prior to the

TWENTY-FOURTH DAY OF APRIL, 1893,

at SIX o'clock P. M. of that day, an additional penalty of FIVE (5) per cent. will be added thereto, making a total of TWENTY (20) per cent.

AND NOTICE is further given that, if the Tax is not paid prior to the

TWENTY-NINTH DAY OF MAY, 1893,

the list of DELINQUENT TAXES will be placed with the printer, and published on the

TENTH DAY OF JUNE, 1893,

and will be sold on the

THIRD DAY OF JULY, 1893,

at TEN o'clock A. M. of that day, at the front door of the Court House, in the Town of Bridgeport, Mono county, California, for lawful money of the United States, cash in hand paid.

☞—Taxes are payable in United States Gold Coin. Checks will be first cashed before amount is credited or receipt given.

Dated Bridgeport, January, 3d, 1893.

M. P. HAYS, Tax Collector
ja7 of Mono County, Cal.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

RANCH FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED OFFERS FOR SALE his valuable ranch—the "Willows."

The Ranch comprises two hundred acres, and yields a crop of one hundred tons of hay, which can be largely increased. It is, also, a great producer of vegetables. For further particulars address D. M. WALTERS.

d21 Bridgeport Mono county, California.

W. A. R. LOOSE,

ASSAYER AND

METALLURGIST.

BODIE, CALIFORNIA.

CHARLES L. HAYES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

NOTARY PUBLIC.

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CAL.

FRANK P. WILLARD.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

BODIE, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA.

☞ Water Rights, Land and Mining Litigation a specialty. d7-3m

WM. O. PARKER,

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,

AND NOTARY PUBLIC,

BRIDGEPORT, MONO COUNTY, CALIFORNIA. je13-tf

R. S. MINER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Bridgeport, Mono County, Cal

Will practice in all the Courts of California and Nevada. Mining litigation will receive special attention. je14-tf

P. G. HUGHES,

BLACKSMITH AND

WAGON MAKER,

BRIDGEPORT, CAL.

HORSE AND OX SHOEING.

AND GENERAL JOBBING.

R. A. LEALE,

MANUFACTURER OF

Sarsaparilla and Iron Sarsaparilla,

Ginger Ale,

Soda Water

Etc.

BODIE, CAL.

DR. JORDAN & CO'S
GREAT MUSEUM OF ANATOMY
1051 Market St., San Francisco.
(between 6th and 7th Sts.)

Go and learn how wonderfully you are made and how to avoid sickness and diseases. Museum enlarged with thousands of new objects. Admission 25 cts.

Private Office, 211 Geary St. Diseases of men, stricture, loss of manhood, diseases of the skin and kidneys quickly cured without the use of mercury. Treatment personally or by letter. Send for book.

LEGAL.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT TO THE "KENTUCK" QUARTZ MINE.

M. A. No 287.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Independence, California, May 20, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN H. SHEEHAN, whose Postoffice address is Clinton, Mono County, California, has this day filed his application for a patent for thirteen hundred and twenty linear feet of the "Kentuck" mine or vein bearing gold and silver, with surface ground six hundred feet in width, situate, lying and being in Patterson Mining District, County of Mono, State of California, and known and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as lot number 87, in Township No 7, North of Range No 25 East, Mt Diablo Base and Meridian.

THE EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES
of said Lot No 87 being as follows to wit:
VARIATION 18° 30' EAST.

Commencing at a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone, and marked N E Cor No 1 Kentuck, whence bears N 17° 30' E 0.98.8 chs a small pine tree 1' 7.10 in circumference marked B T N E C; thence, var 18° 30' E. On East Boundary—First Course: S 30° 45' W. 1220 ft or 20.00 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked S E Cor No 2 "Kentuck" N E Cor No 1 Georgie Howell; thence on South Boundary—Second Course: N 54° 15' W, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set inmound of earth and stone and marked L L No 2 and L L No 1, whence bears S 30° 30' W, 1.10 chs distant Tunnel No 1. 500 ft or 9.09 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone marked S W Cor No 3 Kentuck, and NW Cor No 4 Georgie Howell, whence bears N 32° 45' E, 0.32 9 chs dist a nut pine tree 1'7½" in circumference marked B T S W C, S 24° 45' W, 0.47.8 chs dist old dead pine tree 5'2" in circumference, marked B T S W C, S 30° 30' W, 102.85 chs dist ¼ Sec Cor on East Boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N, R 24 E, M D M; thence on West Boundary—Third Course: N 30° 45' E. 1221.8 ft or 20.02 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone, and marked N W Cor No 4, Kentuck, whence bears N 10° 15' E. 1.41.7 chs dist a pine tree 3' 9" in circumference marked B T N W C; thence on North Boundary—Fourth Course: S 54° 15' E, 300 ft or 4 54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, being the north end of the lode line of the location, 600 ft or 9.09 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N E Cor No 1, the place of beginning, containing 18.19 acres.

CONNECTING LINE.

From post No 3 S W Corner Kentuck Mine, the ¼ Sec Cor on East Boundary of Sec 25, T 7, N R 24 E, M D M, bears S 30° 30' W, 102.85 chs dist by calculation from triangulation.

This claim is bounded on the southern end by the Georgie Howell Quarts mine.

The location of this mine is duly Recorded in the Recorder's Office of the Patterson Mining District, Mono County, California, in Book "A", pages 18 and 19 of said Records.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of the said Kentuck Mine or said mining ground, as hereinbefore described, are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Independence, in the State of California, during the sixty days period of publication hereof or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

my27-10w C. W. CRAIG, Register.
CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Applicant.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT TO THE "MAY BELLE" QUARTZ MINE.

M. A. No. 208.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Independence, California, May 20, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN H. SHEEHAN, whose Postoffice address is Clinton, Mono County, California, has this day filed his application for a patent for fifteen hundred linear feet of the "May Belle" mine or vein, bearing gold and silver, with surface ground six hundred feet in width, situate, lying and being in Patterson Mining District, County of Mono, and State of California, and known and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot number 88, in Township No. 7, North of Range No, 25 East, Mt. Diablo Base and Meridian.

THE EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES
of said Lot No. 88, being as follows, to wit:
VARIATION 18° 30' EAST.

Commencing at 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, whence bears N 68° E 174.2 ft or 2.64 chs dist L L No 1 "Georgie Howell" mine, and L L No 2 "Kentuck" mine S 28° W 2.06.8 chs dist Tunnel No 2; thence, variation 18° 30' E. North Boundary—First Course; S 66° 30' E 148 ft or 2.24.3 chs to intersection with lode line "Georgie Howell" mine, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N E Corner No 1 May Belle; thence East Boundary—Second Course: S 24° 30' W 5.26 ft or 7.97 chs to intersection with lode line Georgie Howell mine, 1260.7 ft or 19.10 chs to a post marked B P No V Georgie Howell, S 54° 15' E 74ft or 1.12 chs from post No 3 at S W Cor of mine, 1500 ft or 22.72.7 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone marked S E Cor No 2, whence bears N 66° W 0.43.4 chs distant a small mahogany tree marked B T S E C; thence on South Boundary—Third Course: N 66° 30' W 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 2, being the south end of the lode line of May Belle mine, 660 ft or 9.09 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked S W Cor No 2, whence bears S 1° W 0.41.4 chs distant a twin pine tree, 10'2½" in circumference, marked B T S W C; N 11° 30' E 0.48 chs distant a small pine tree 1'6½" in circumference marked B T S W C; thence on West Boundary—Fourth Course: N 24° 30' E 1500 ft or 22.72.7 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N W Cor No 4, whence bears S 39° W 99.58 chs dist a ¼ Section Corner, a stone in a mound of earth, but not marked, between Sec 25 T 7 N R 24 E, and Sec 31 T 7 N R 25 E. M D M, S 58° 15' W 0.19 8 chs dist a dead pine tree 7'1½" in circumference marked B T N W C; N 56° E 0.78.3 chs dist a nut pine tree 3'2½" in circumference, marked B T N W C; thence on North Boundary—Fifth Course: S 65° 30' E, 170.9 ft or 2.59chs to a post set in mound of earth and stone and marked B P VI Georgie Howell, N 8° 30' E, 1298ft or 19.66.6 chs from No 3 post at S W Corner of said mine, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to place of beginning at 4x4 post marked L L No 1, containing 20.66 acres

CONNECTING LINE.

From post No 4 N W Corner May Belle mine, the ¼ Sec Cor on East boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N R 24 E, M D M, bears S 39° 05' 30" W, 99.58 chs distant by calculation from triangulation.

This claim is bounded on a portion of the eastern side by the Georgie Howell mining Claim, and on a portion of the northern end by the Georgie Howell mining claim.

The location of this mine is duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of the Patterson Mining District. Mono County, California, in Book A, page 18 of said records.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said "May Belle" mine or said mining ground as hereinbefore described, are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Independence, in the State of California, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

my27-10w C. W. CRAIG, Register.
CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Applicant.

Notice to Creditors.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO THE CREDITORS of, and all persons having claims against, the Estate of John H. Connell, deceased, to present their claims against said estate to Nancy A. Connell, to whom letters of administration upon said estate have been duly granted and issued by the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California. Notice is further given that said letters are dated on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1893; that a summary administration of said estate has been ordered by said Court, a copy of which order is as follows: In the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California. In the matter of the Estate of John H. Connell, deceased. The inventory and appraisement of the above named estate having been filed herein, and it appearing that the total value of the estate at the time of the filing said inventory and appraisement did not exceed the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, but that said estate at said time was of the value of Thirteen Hundred and Eighty-one dollars ($1,381), and no more, it is therefore ordered that a summary administration of said estate be had, and that the Administratrix may make final settlement of such estate at the end of five months from the date of this order. Dated May 12th, 1893. W. H. Virden, Judge of the Superior Court. And notice is further given that in pursuance of said order, I will make final settlement of said estate on the 12th day of October, A. D. 1893, and all persons having claims against the said estate are required to exhibit them for allowance to said Administratrix on or before said 12th day of October, 1893, and all claims which are not thus exhibited will be forever barred.

NANCY A. CONNELL,
Administratrix of the Estate of John H. Connell, deceased.
Dated May 12th, A. D. 1893. my27-4w

LEGAL.

APPLICATION FOR A PATENT TO THE "GEORGIE HOWELL" QUARTZ MINE.

M. A. No. 209.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICE,
Independence, California, May 20, 1893.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT JOHN H. SHEEHAN, whose Post Office address is Clinton, Mono County, California, has this day filed his application for a patent for fifteen hundred linear feet of the GEORGIE HOWELL MINE or vein bearing gold and silver, with surface ground six hundred feet in width except that portion thereof hereinafter mentioned which is in conflict with the May Belle Mine, vein, lode or mineral deposit, situated, lying and being in Patterson Mining District, County of Mono, State of California, and known and designated by the field notes and official plat on file in this office as Lot No. 89, in Township No. 7, North of Range No. 25, East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian.

THE EXTERIOR BOUNDARIES
of said Lot No. 89, being as follows, to wit:
VARIATION 18° 30' EAST.

Commencing at a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked L L No. 1, Georgie Howell, L L No 2, Kentuck mine (this being the north end of lode line); whence bears S. 30° 30' W, 1.10 chains distant Tunnel No. 1; thence, variation 18° 30' E North Boundary—First Course; S 54° 15' E, 300 feet, or 4.54.5 chains to a 4x4 post set in a mound of earth and stone and marked Georgie Howell N E Cor No 1, Kentuck S E Cor No 2; thence on East Boundary—Second Course; S 8° 30' W, 1500 ft, or 22.72.7 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone, and marked S E Cor No 2 Georgie Howell; thence on South Boundary—Third Course: N 54° 15' W, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of rock and earth and marked L L No 2 (being south end of lode line); whence bears S 52° 45' W, 0.42 chains distant a small mahogany tree marked B T L L, 526 ft or 7.96.9 chs to a post marked B P No V Georgie Howell, N 24° 30' E. 298.4 ft or 4.52.7 chs from a 4x4 post marked S E Cor No 2 May Belle, and S 54° E from post No 2, S W Cor [illegible] Howell Mine; thence Fourth Course: [illegible] 30' E 1260.7 ft or 19.10 chs along the East Boundary of the May Belle Mine and West Boundary of the Georgie Howell to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N E Cor No 1, May Belle, thence Fifth Course: N 65° 30' W, 429 ft or 6.50 chs, along the North Boundary of the May Belle Mine to a post marked B P No VI Georgie Howell; N 8° 30' E, 1298 ft or 19.66.7 chs from S W Cor of said mine; thence on West Boundary,—Sixth Course: N 8° 30' E, 202 ft or 3.06 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked N W Cor No 4 Georgie Howell, S W Cor No 3 Kentuck; whence bears S. 30° 30' W, 102.85 chs dist ¼ Sec Cor on East boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N, R 24 E; thence on North Boundary—Seventh Course: S 54° 15' E, 300 ft or 4.54.5 chs to a 4x4 post set in mound of earth and stone and marked L L No 1, the place of beginning, containing 11.19 acres.

CONNECTING LINE

From post No 4 N W Cor Georgie Howell Mine the ¼ Sec Cor on East Boundary of Sec 25, T 7 N, 24 E, M D M, bears S 30° 30' W, 102.85 chs dist by calculation.

This claim is bounded on the north end by the Kentuck Quarts Mine and on a portion of the southern end by the May Belle Quarts Mine and on a portion of the western side by said May Belle Quarts Mine.

The location of this mine is duly recorded in the Recorder's Office of the Patterson Mining District, Mono County, California, in Book "A," pages 19 and 20 of said records.

Any and all persons claiming adversely any portion of said Georgie Howell Mine or said mining ground as hereinbefore described, are required to file their adverse claim with the Register of the United States Land Office at Independence in the State of California, during the sixty days period of publication hereof, or they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of the Statute.

my27-10w C. W. CRAIG, Register.
CHAS. L. HAYES, Attorney for Applicant.

SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE County of Mono, State of California.

D. J. McPHAIL, Plaintiff,
vs.
MABEL McPHAIL, Defendant.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, and the Complaint filed in the office of the Clerk of said County. CHAS. L. HAYES, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The People of the State of California send Greeting to

MABEL McPHAIL, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named Plaintiff, in the Superior Court of the said County of Mono, State of California, and to answer the Complaint filed therein, within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service), after the service on you of this summons, if served within this County; or, if served elsewhere, within thirty days.

The said action is brought to obtain a Decree of this Court dissolving the bonds of matrimony now existing between the plaintiff and defendant herein, and for the custody of the minor child, Hazel McPhail, (issue of said marriage), as will more fully appear by reference to the Complaint on file in this action, a copy of which accompanies a copy of this Summons, and to which you are hereby referred.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief herein demanded.

Given under my hand and the Seal of the Superior Court of the County of Mono, State of California, this 11th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three.

[L.S.] J. D. MURPHEY, Clerk.

Indorsed: Superior Court, County of Mono. D. J. McPhail, Plaintiff, vs. Mabel McPhail, Defendant. Summons. Filed April 11th, 1893. J. D. Murphey, Clerk. CHAS. L. HAYES, Plaintiff's Attorney. ap15-2m

ADVERTISE
IN
THIS PAPER.

CHRONICLE-UNION.

BRIDGEPORT, JUNE 10, 1893.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Personal.

Supervisor Pitts was here the first of the week, to count the county money.

Mrs. Thos. H. Leggett and child and maid, Mrs. Borrowe, Mrs. Leggett's mother, and Miss Borrowe, came over from Bodie on Monday, after visiting the Standard Con. electric plant on Green Creek. On Tuesday they visited Buckeye Hot Springs. They returned home on Wednesday.

Miss Cornelia Richards, Superintendent of Schools, left here on Sunday for Antelope, en route for the World's Fair.

Judge W. H. Virden left for San Francisco on Wednesday's Carson stage, on account of his eyes, which troubled him greatly a day or two before he left.

Public Administrator Sayres has gone out to Brown & Co's sawmill to put the engine in order. As this is too healthy a climate for a Public Administrator he has to resort to honest toil.

Dental Inspector Robinson was here on [illegible] on Tuesday evening. He left for San Francisco on the Bodie stage on Wednesday.

Prof. J. H. Norton, of San Francisco, arrived on Adair's stage last evening, to examine the Dunderburg mine.

ANNUAL REPORT.—We thank Manager Leggett, of the Standard Con. Co., for a copy of his annual report of the business of the Company for the year ending February 1st, 1893. The report is exhaustive, and shows that the Company was fortunate in securing Mr. Leggett as its Manager, as he has reduced expenses and at the same time increased the output of bullion, enabling the stockholders to enjoy several dividends. His report shows that the "Old Reliable" mine has paid its stockholders the grand sum of $4,592,257, out of $11,000,000 taken from the mine. Since Mr. Leggett took charge, it has paid in dividends $18,902 80, in 1892, and to February '93 $29,354 20, the Company having paid no dividends in '90 and '91. The Company has a six months' stock of ore on hand for the mill, with the prospect of having some rich finds from the prospecting now under way. The report contains maps of all the underground workings of the mine and of the electric plant, and is well gotten up.

ELECTRIC LIGHTS.—The raising of the "wherewith" to bring our town in connection with the Standard Con. electric plant is the only thing needful to give our people electric lights in place of the dangerous kerosene. After the plant is secured the cost of lights will be no more than with kerosene, but much more safer and with a better light.

A TELEPHONE.—The proposition to make a telephonic connection with the outside world by way of the Standard Con. electric plant on Green Creek, is under discussion among our business men. Is the blood of the average Bridgeporter so stagnant that a little energy cannot be aroused in that direction?

FREIGHTS.—Willie Butler, with Nay's big 6 am arrived from Carson on Thursday afternoon, loaded mostly for Lundy.

George Peeler, with Bryant's team, will probably arrive to-morrow or Monday from Carson with goods for the Postoffice Store. Our merchants dispose of a big lot of goods, notwithstanding they talk of dull times.

THE FOURTH.—The several Fourth of July Committees should be prepared to make their reports to the Executive Committee, to meet on next Wednesday evening. The program should be published next week. The Day is fast approaching and the Committees should be at work.

CASH.—According to the financial statements filed on the 1st., the following mining companies had cash on hand:

Bodie	$11,155 76
Belcher	5,731 26
Mono	42,991 26
Standard	1,680 60

DELINQUENT TAXES.—The delinquent tax list, including costs, foots up the small sum of $320 18. There are 41 delinquents, many of whom thought they were paying full tax when the first installment was paid.

COUNTY MONEY.—[illegible] the money in the County Treasury was counted, and the correct amount found therein—$17,894 71.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Mr. Bott will hold services at the School House to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

THE WOLVERINE.—The advertisement of the Wolverine Saloon, R. L. Simmons, Proprietor, will be found under "New To-day."

DRIVE UP.—Drive up to Sam Fales' Hot Springs to-morrow and take your annual bath. The roads are in good order. Several parties will drive up to-night.

WALTSE'S STABLE.—We call attention to the advertisement of A. D. Waltse's Bridgeport Stable, under "New To-day."

Mrs. Ann Summers will have ice cream at her parlors to-morrow.

THE STANDARD CON. ELECTRIC PLANT.

On Monday, in company with Postmaster Bryant and family, we visited the Standard Con. Electric Power House on Green Creek, about 8 miles south of Bridgeport, and over an excellent road, the portion from the Dunderburg road having been built by the Standard Company. At the Plant we found Manager T. H. Leggett and family, the latter having come over on their way to Bridgeport to spend a few days, and all were hospitably received, although visitors are not desired just yet, but when the works are in perfect running order, due notice will be given when visitors will be welcomed. The power house is 30x40 feet, and substantially built with very steep roofs, so that no heavy snows will stay on them long. Green Creek furnishes the water power through a ditch, the lower end of which is 355 feet above the power house, and giving a pressure of over 150 pounds to the square inch. The pipe from the penstock leads into a steel-receiver, 40 inches in diameter by 9 feet 8 inches long, from which four taper pipes lead the water under pressure of 350 feet vertical head on to four 21-inch Pelton water wheels, each pipe being fitted with two nozzles, the water from one striking the wheel on the lower right hand side and the other underneath the left hand side, each wheel developing 62½ horse power, or 250 for the four.—These wheels run at 865 revolutions, although while working in our presence they got away with 920 revolutions. The wheel shaft is connected by a patent insulating coupling to the armature shaft of a Westinghouse, 120 kilowatt alternating dynamo, generating current at 3,530 volts. A Doolittle governor is attached to the wheels, and a No. 2 Pelton motor runs the "exciter," required for generating the initial current in the fields of the large machine.

The pole line from the dynamo to the motor at the Company's mill at Bodie is about 12½ miles long, and the poles are large and substantially put up to withstand the heaviest Winter storms, the poles being 100 feet apart. The current delivered at the mill will be of 3,000 volts tension.—The mill and power house are connected by telephone.

The motor room at the Standard Con. Mill at Bodie is 26x18 feet. The motor is 120 horse power, and will be brought up to speed by a small motor of 3 to 4 horse power which is built on the same bed-plate with the larger, and thrown out of circuit as soon as the latter is running at the proper speed. At the works in Bodie there will be two transformers of 100 incandescent lights capacity each, for lighting the mill and Company's offices. The plant has cost about $30,000, which the Company will soon get back in the reduced cost of running its mill, etc., as there will be a saving of nearly $1,500 a month in the matter of wood alone.

The work of putting the plant in running order is in the hands of H. M. Reed, Chief Electrician, who recently came out from Pittsburg, to superintend the work. As soon as he demonstrates to Manager Leggett, who is also President of the Standard Con., that the plant is in successful running order, it will be accepted by Mr. Leggett, and the works at Bodie will be started up again. The works were set in motion during our visit, and everything seemed to be working nicely. As soon as the plant at the power house is satisfactorily adjusted and in running order, Mr Reed will go to Bodie and put the motor in order, and make connection with the power house. The successful inauguration of this enterprise will revolutionize mining and milling in this county, enabling companies with low grade ores to utilize them.

THANKS to Mrs. Ann Summers for an abundant supply of ice cream sent to this office last Sunday evening.

On Wednesday St. Paul celebrated the completion of the Great Northern Railroad.

Murdered.

Wallace McTarnahan, son of J. C. McTarnahan, and formerly a resident of Bridgeport, was murdered by two men named Wilson and Wheeler, near Pierce City, Idaho, on May 21st. He and his partner were prospecting and had taken up a claim, but on Wilson and Wheeler claiming it they gave it up without any objection. Two days after, Mr. McTarnahan's partner went out to find another pasture for their horse, and on his return he found Wallace lying dead a short distance from the camp. Wheeler and Wilson gave themselves up, claiming they killed him in self-defense. It is thought by the family that he was killed because J. C. McTarnahan, the father, had prosecuted Wheeler and Wilson in Mono county and convicted them, and they got even by murdering Wallace, but we know of no men by those names who were ever tried in this county. This is sad news and a great blow to the McTarnahan's, who have the sympathy of our people, who knew them here.

COMPLETELY UPROOTED.

How many remedies there are which merely relieve without uprooting disease. The contest with sterling medicines which such palliatives afford, not only enhances the dignity of the former, but serves to emphasize the folly of employing half-way measures when thorough ones are available. A marked instance of this is the effect, on the one hand, of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters in case of chills and fever and bilious remittent, and on the other of ordinary remedies in maladies of this type. By the Bitters, malarial complaint in every stage and of the most malignant type, are completely conquered and lose their hold upon the system. They are rarely, if ever, dislodged by the ordinary resources of medicine, although their symptoms may unquestionably be mitigated through such means. The same holds good of indigestion, biliousness, kidney complaint, rheumatism, nervousness and debility. By the Bitters they are cured when many remedies fail.

Fastest Train in the World.

A Chicago dispatch of May 29th, says:

Over track torpedoes that sounded a rattling volley under the wheels, and greeted by cheering shouts and waving hands, the "Exposition Flyer" of the New York Central rolled into Chicago this morning 19 hours and 57 minutes from New York.

The train arrived three minutes ahead of time. It consisted of five cars, a dining car having been attached at Elkhart on which to serve breakfast. Parts of the run were made at the rate of eighty miles an hour.

Passengers reset their watches at Buffalo when the train left there at 10.43 last night and it seemed but a little time before the smoothly hurrying train and the waters of Lake Erie were within neighborly distance.

Though fifty miles and more were being unwound hourly from the big drivers, the speed seemed moderate, and there were surprised passengers when they stopped at Erie at 12.31½ A. M., one minute ahead of the schedule.

In the gray dawn of the morning Toledo was reached at 4 56 o'clock, now two minutes ahead of time.

Lake Shore Superintendent, A. B. Newell boarded the train at Toledo and came through. There were other officers of the railroad and sleeping car companies on board and the success of the "trial trip" was complete.

Swapping Mourning for Towels.

A singular instance of Democratic "economy" was described yesterday by a Washington visitor to New York. The effort to exercise the "economy" was made by one of the new chiefs of division in the Treasury Department, where "my son" Logan's ax is now swinging so vigorously. A chief of division, it should be understood, is an official in charge of a force of clerks, of greater or less number, who work upon some sub-division of the duties distributed among the various bureaus. This particular chief found stored away in one of the rooms allotted to his clerks a quantity of black drapery with which the colums of department buildings at Washington are always shrouded when an ex-member or a member of the Cabinet dies. The last use to which this black cloth had been put was after the death of James G. Blaine. The economic chief of division had the mourning drapery taken to a merchant with a proposition for exchange for towels for use in a toilet room. The merchant indignantly declined the offer. This "economy" is truly Holmanesque.—N. Y. Press.

A Genius of Posey county, Ind., thus computes the expense of a day at the Chicago Fair Grounds: Street car fare, ten cents; admission, fifty cents; milk at milk exhibit, free; fresh rolls at yeast exhibit, free, buttered crackers at butter exhibit, free; total, sixty cents. This is the ingenuity of economy.

The people at Stony Brook, L. I., are considerably excited over a mysterious face which appears on a tombstone recently erected at Oak Hill Cemetery. It is the face of a woman. It can only be seen when standing at a distance of 100 feet from the stone. No one can account for the phenomenon.

On the northwest coast of Australia the maps show an island some thirteen miles long by one mile wide named Expedition Island. This has just disappeared and there is now an average depth of forty-eight feet of water over the area where the island once stood.

In India a huge funnel of wickerwork is planted in a stream below a waterfall, and every finny creature coming down drops into it, the water straining out and leaving the flapping prey in the receptacle all ready to be gathered in.

The weather is getting Summery.

NEW TO-DAY.

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A cream of tartar baking powder.

Highest of all in leavening strength.—LATEST UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT FOOD REPORT.

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TREES, PLANTS AND FLOWERS.

NEARLY every county in England has its favorite oak, the largest of which is the Cowthorpe, of Yorkshire.

THE banana seeds only in one small spot on earth, the Andaman islands. Everywhere else it must be raised from suckers.

SOME Oregon farmers are going to experiment with semi-tropical crops during the coming season. They will try cotton, tobacco, broomcorn and sorghum.

THE largest peach orchard in the world is that of the Ohio Fruit Land company, situated near Fort Valley, Ga. The orchard at present contains 150,000 trees, and is being enlarged every year.

NEW GUINEA is extremely rich in plants, the number of species discovered in the sixty-five years since Lesson brought home the first collection being 2,000, or as many as are known from the whole of Germany.

ON the farm of M. A. Rabb, of Brewton, Ala., there is said to be a peach tree that blossomed in December, has leaves out, and is now, he claims, full of young peaches, while not another tree on his place shows any signs of blooming.

RHODODENDRON buds are well up in the gardens of Asheville, N. C., and a few weeks hence there will be a fine burst of blossoms thereabouts. The rhododendron of various sorts grows wild in great abundance in that part of the state, and is the special admiration of the visiting northerner.

PEOPLE OVER THE SEAS.

M. WADDINGTON, French ambassador to London, gets a salary stated at $60,000 a year.

ON state occasions the shah of Persia smokes a pipe set with diamonds, rubies and emeralds, said to be worth nearly four hundred thousand dollars.

RIAZ PASHA, the new Egyptian prime minister, is credited by certain English writers with being as ardent a hater of Great Britain as his predecessor, but a more skillful dissembler.

THE London Optician says that great men are usually blue-eyed, and instances Shakespeare, Socrates, Locke, Bacon, Milton, Goethe, Franklin, Napoleon, Bismarck, Gladstone, Huxley, Virchow and Renan.

MR. HENRY SELL, of Fleet street, London, who has had exceptional opportunities for collecting early copies of newspapers for the past twenty years, is to present an exhibition of old newspapers at the world's fair.

SMILES.

THE bottom of a strawberry box is a very small affair, but it always gets very near to the top.

"I WONDER if it's true that every man has his price?" "No; for just think how many of them give themselves away."

"I DON'T see why you are so suspicious of the man." "Because he took his own umbrella when there was a much better one right beside it."

LOOKING OVER MUSIC.—"Do you know, 'I Dreamt I Dwelt in Marble Halls,' it is—" He—"Ah, well, I suppose it was because you ate something for dinner that didn't agree with you."

AUNT HETTIE (viewing de Milo)—"Look here, Fannie, don't you want to take this down town with us?" Fannie—"What for, auntie?" "Well, it's been a standin' here for a whole month without any arms, and it don't look very tidy to me."—Chicago Inter Ocean.

IN DARKEST AFRICA.

IN England there are over 4,000 South African war medals awaiting claimants.

A CATTLE plague has ravaged Africa, millions of cattle having died between the river Niger and Lake Tchad.

AT an experiment farm in Asmara, Africa, under the direction of the Italian government, an acre of shallow, stony soil was sown with 172 pounds of native barley, and yielded 2,200 pounds.

AT an agricultural conference recently held at Kimberly, South Africa, it appeared that little is yet done there in the way of agricultural cooperation and association, use of improved machinery, agricultural education or irrigation. The necessity and importance of combining sheep farming with agriculture was urged so that cheaper fertilizers may be produced.

THE biggest of fresh-water fish, the arapaima, of the Amazon in South America, grows to six feet in length.

OVER three hundred rabbits were killed in a one-day hunt by farmers in Crooks county, Ore., a week or so ago.

ACCORDING to Lord Dunraven England has yachts valued at $50,000 in service, and their manning gives employment to 6,000 or 7,000 men.

AN observant sporting man of New York notes that of the two doctors Austin Flint, the younger is now offering the heavier odds. The sign of one reads: "Dr. Austin Flint, 10 to 1," that of the other: "Dr. Flint, Jr., 11 to 1."

MISCELLANEOUS.

A FRESH AND GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF THE BEST OF GOODS AT THE LOWEST CASH PRICES.

D. HAYS & BRO.

CHEAP CASH STORE AT THE POSTOFFICE BUILDING, BRIDGEPORT.

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF GOODS REDUCED TO BEDROCK PRICES.

A. F. BRYANT.

JOE A. BROWN,

General Merchandise,

Main Street, Bridgeport.

Choice Family Groceries,

Fancy and Toilet Articles,

Candies and Nuts

Yankee Notions,

Powder, shot, Caps and Cartridges,

Stationery, etc., etc.

A FIGHT WITH WILD DUCKS.

Sailors Have a Desperate Battle with Birds Blown Out to Sea.

Capt. William T. Bernard and the steam tug Plymouth arrived from Boston at Philadelphia a few days ago with three barges in tow, after one of the roughest passages ever made and more than the elements to contend with during the trip, having been attacked in the Vineyard sound, during the terrific hurricane of February 19, by a tremendous flock of wild ducks that had been carried from the land by the wind. They fought desperately against the side of the tug's house and powerful electric light on the masthead, which was the object that first attracted them. Mate Willard went on deck and was knocked flat by one of the infuriated birds, which flew directly at him, striking him on the breast. To substantiate this strange story told to a Press reporter Capt. Bernard saved twelve of the birds that fell exhausted from their struggles on the decks and they are now at his home. The Plymouth, after passing Chatham just before sundown on February 19, experienced heavy rains. Soon the wind veered to the northwest and blew a hurricane accompanied by blinding snow squalls. At nine o'clock at night Capt. Bernard and Mate Willard were both in the pilot house, when a fluttering noise was heard to windward. With the aid of marine glasses they could discern a huge dark formation moving directly toward them, and soon a flock of fully three hundred ducks made for the vessel. They flew directly toward the electric masthead light and in striking the pole fell by the dozen to the deck. Some of the sailors were terrified at first by the fluttering noise, but on being convinced what it was went on deck and caught fully fifty of them and stowed them away in the fore peak. The birds were ravenously hungry, having been carried miles from the land in the teeth of the heavy gale. They could not fly back, such was the force of the wind, and those that failed to light on the Plymouth were carried off to sea and no doubt perished. For fully an hour the birds kept things in a state of excitement on board the tug, and Capt. Bernard confessed it was one of the most remarkable experiences he had ever seen or heard of in upward of a quarter of a century of sea life.

SLEPT FOR FIVE MONTH

The Burning of a Tonsil Cures a Strange Case of Lethargic Sleep.

A curious case of lethargic sleep which lasted for five months has just come to the attention of the Hypnotic and Psychological society in Paris, which both they and the doctors are unable to explain. A thirteen-year-old girl of an excellent provincial family is the subject of this curious experience. While at boarding school she was suddenly frightened and became ill. She was examined by the celebrated Prof. Charcot and admitted to the insane asylum of Dr. Raffegeau at Vesinet. At this time the girl uttered a series of hoarse barks, and her wide-open mouth disclosed a highly swollen right tonsil. Every five minutes she was seized with a spasm, during which she rubbed her left eyebrow so hard with her left hand that she nearly wore it away. She was completely unconscious, and had to be nourished artificially by means of a stomach tube. Three days after reaching Vesinet she fell into syncope, which it was impossible to disturb by any physical pain. Massage and hydropathic treatment produced a visible improvement, but it was not until a few days ago that the proper remedy was discovered. Dr. Raffegeau cauterized the swollen tonsil with a redhot iron and at the same time treated the muscles under the jaw with massage. The girl gave a little scream when the iron was applied. Some hours later she was induced to repeat the vowels after the physician. Next morning she suddenly awoke, asking: "Where am I?" She had absolutely no recollection of what had occurred about her. She is now more lively than before her illness, talks incessantly and seems anxious to make up for the time she had lost by her amusing herself as much as possible.

WASHINGTON'S HEAD GONE.

Old Landmark Destroyed by Explosion of a Gigantic Blast.

One of the biggest blasts of dynamite that has ever taken place in a quarry, if not the biggest, occurred the other day at the Palisade quarries about two miles from Fort Lee. The palisades at this point, which is just opposite Fort Washington, were shorn of about one thousand feet of surface and the displacement extended about three hundred feet on an average into the rock. "Washington's Head" has been a landmark for many years to boatmen and tourists going up and down the river, the grim profile looking startlingly distinct just when it came into view through its resemblance to that of the Father of His Country. Washington's head is no more. It tottered and went down in the general havoc caused by the blast, and lies broken in a hundred pieces at the foot of the palisades. The blast was hardly felt at Fort Lee, where it simply made the earth quiver a little, like an infant earthquake. Two miles or more of fissured rock makes a good buffer, and the shock was pretty well exhausted when it reached the village. About four thousand pounds of dynamite was used and the weight of the rock displaced was estimated at one hundred thousand tons at the lowest calculation.

German Railroads.

An official of a railroad, recently returned from Europe, referring to railway practice in Germany, says: "The roadbeds are about perfect, while the stations are simply magnificent, even in the most insignificent places being very fine. The roadbeds are quite rigid, but this is mainly due to the iron and steel cross ties that are used. The locomotives are fine pieces of mechanism, but their capacity is scarcely equal to those on this side of the Atlantic. Their entire passenger equipment is away behind that in use here. Their trains, however, run like clockwork, and the connections are perfect."

ABOUT HANDWRITING.

An Expert Declares That It Is Degenerating.

The Chirography of Writers for the Press Growing Worse on Account of Hurry and Fatigue—Faults of Teaching.

Is it true that handwriting is growing worse and worse all the world over? This is the statement of Mr. Jackson in his "Theory and Practice of Handwriting." Official reports, says the London News, seem to confirm Mr. Jackson's belief. On the other hand, persons of considerable experience in reading literary manuscripts and examination papers of the higher orders can hardly agree with him. As a rule, the manuscripts of novels and of examination papers are legible and even rather pleasing. The exceptions are scarcely four per cent. in examination papers; in novels an author foolishly sends in a mere rough draft, with erasions and additions tacked on by pins or waste ends of postage stamp paper. But these examples of handwriting are the work, except as regards many novels, of rather highly educated persons, and they throw no light on the hands of people far from literacy.

The letters of servant girls and of other people without aspirations to culture are often penned in excellent and characteristic hands, and, on the whole, we do not think that the age writes ill, as a general rule. Naturally people who have to write great quantities of "copy" for the press or for other purposes find their hands, if Roman and fine at first, gradually disappearing in scrawl due to fatigue. A number of popular and prolific authors are suffering from "writers' cramp," and their hands must have been degenerating in the progress of the malady.

To do the work with the minimum of fatigue is the author's object, and certainly it seems as if the men and women with the most slovenly hands suffer least from writers' cramp. Mr. Jackson, however, thinks that writing is very bad, that its badness is due to bad teaching, promiscuously selected models (he prefers examples on the blackboard to headlines), and, above all, the error is in sloping as opposed to perpendicular or vertical writing. The natural man, he thinks, sits upright to his work, and would write perpendicularly but for the prevalence of sloping copies. From these comes the habit of sprawling sideways at the desk, and that habit is bad for the eyes, bad for the spine, bad for discipline in school (as it facilitates tattling), and finally bad for the handwriting. The slope keeps on running down hill till it loses itself in an indecipherable scrawl.

History proves, Mr. Jackson thinks, that all writing was originally vertical. We do not see Egyptian hieroglyphs on the slope; they are drawn upright, and so are the more elaborate pictures of the Aztec "schritt" of the Mayas of Eastern island, the Sanskrit hand, the Phœnician (witness the Moabite stone), the Greek, whether on inscriptions on stone, on vases, or in writing on papyri; but not, we think, in the Italic hand copied from the writing of Musurus in the editions of Aldus. The Italic hand is on a slope—fifteen hundred. Mr. Jackson says that all writing in Europe was vertical, upright, till the age of Elizabeth. The Aldine texts in Italics seem to us to suggest a doubt on this point.

HOW WE TASTE.

The Middle of the Tongue Is the Most Sensitive.

Strictly speaking, with the tip of the tongue one cannot really taste at all If you put a drop of oil of bitter almonds on that part of the mouth you will find, no doubt, to your great surprise, that it produces no effect of any sort; you only taste it when it begins slowly to diffuse itself and reaches the true tasting region in the middle distance. But if you put a little mustard or cayenne on the same part you will find that it bites you immediately—the experiment should be tried sparingly—while if you put it lower down in the mouth you will swallow it almost without noticing the pungency of the stimulant.

The reason is, says the Yankee Blade, that the tip of the tongue is supplied only with the nerves of touch, not nerves of taste proper; they belong to a totally different main branch, and they go to a different center in the brain, together with the very similar threads, which supply the nerves of smell for mustard and pepper.

That is why the smell and taste of these pungent substances are so much alike, as everybody must have noticed, a good sniff at a mustard pot producing almost the same irritating effects as an incautious dose.

When one is trying deliberate experiments on the subject in order to test the varying sensitiveness of the different parts to different substances it is necessary to keep the tongue quite dry in order to isolate the thing you are experimenting with and prevent it spreading to all parts of the mouth together. In actual practice this result is obtained in a rather ludicrous manner—by blowing upon the tongue between each experiment with a pair of bellows. To such undignified expedients does the pursuit of science lead the modern physiologist.

Why Hand Organs Are Sent Here.

Italy has had no national anthem, for neither the "Garibaldi Hymn" nor the "Royal March" can justly lay claim to this title. Germany does not possess a national song in the true sense of the word. Kovener's "Sword Song" is famous because of the romantic circumstances under which it was composed; while the "Wacht am Rhein" owes its popularity to its applicability during the Franco-German war. Some, however, consider "Heil dir im Siegerkranz," which is none other than the air "God Save the Queen," as the national anthem of the fatherland. Spain is not more fortunate than Italy or Germany. She has many pretty songs, but none of them can be said to breathe a purely national feeling.

PEOPLE IN GENERAL.

HENRY M. HOWE, the new president of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, is a son of Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, of Boston and Newport.

GEN. FELIX AGNUS, of the Baltimore American, has eleven bullet wounds and a partially disabled right arm as mementos of the bravery that raised him from the rank of private in the Duryea zouaves to the rank of brevet brigadier general.

EX-PRESIDENT HARRISON'S old pastor, whom he stopped off at Pittsburgh to visit and to hear preach, is a tall, large-boned man of great force of character. He came from Cape Cod and his full name is Jeremiah Prophet Elisha Kumler.

PROF. E. E. BARNARD, the discoverer of Jupiter's fifth satellite, has received the degree of doctor of sciences from Vanderbilt university. He was a student in that institution before going to the Lick observatory, but did not complete his course.

JUSTICE JACKSON'S big brother has heretofore been quite as distinguished as himself. He is Gen. W. H. Jackson, master of the famous Belle Mead farm. He commanded the left wing of Gen. Joseph E. Johnston's army, and also a division of Forrest's cavalry.

MR. GEORGE W. CABLE'S hospitable instincts are manifest in the name he has bestowed upon his charming new home at Northampton, Mass. He has christened it "Staysawhile," and it is described as a most attractive home nest. It is built in colonial style, and its windows command a fine view of those monarchs of the Connecticut valley, Mount Tom and Mount Holyoke.

MEN IN PUBLIC LIFE.

ATTORNEY GENERAL OLNEY is a member of the Boston Athletic association and has the reputation of being one of the best tennis players in the country.

ROSWELL BEARDSLEY, postmaster at North Lansing, N. Y., was appointed during the administration of President John Quincy Adams in 1828. He is now eighty-three years old, and has held office consecutively for sixty-five years.

THE only two natives of Colorado in the house of representatives of that state are Harry Sims, of Arapahoe, who was the first white child born in Pueblo, and Celestino Garcia, who represents Conejos county, and who is of Mexican parentage.

SECRETARY GRESHAM loves to sit hours and hours before the statue of Gen. McPherson in Washington. The two were intimate officers in Sherman's army. One day before Atlanta Gresham was terribly wounded at McPherson's side, and five minutes later McPherson was killed.

STERLING MORTON'S letterhead is a conventional tree standing in a conventional sward above a scroll bearing the motto: "Plant Trees." Below is "Arbor Lodge," the name of Mr. Morton's farm and home near Nebraska City. The device and the legend are done in a shade of green which Mr. Morton does not commend to those to whom his motto is addressed.

DOINGS OF THE DAY

A CINCINNATI stamp collectors' society just organized has eighteen members.

AN old oak tree nearly five centuries old was recently felled near Castleton, Ind.

A MOVEMENT is on foot in New York to obtain cheaper bread and to have the bread sold by weight.

IT is said that a large hotel for the accommodation of colored people is to be built in Salter, Mo., by colored capitalists.

CERTAIN sophomores at Ithaca recently raided the quarters of the freshmen and forced milk down their protesting throats.

A BIBLE bee is the latest form of amusement at Cuthbert, Ga. Prizes are awarded to the persons proving themselves most familiar with Bible history.

THE Florida Times-Union calls attention to the fact that there is a letter held for postage at the Lake Maitland office because the writer put on a Florida fertilizer inspection stamp in place of the new Columbian postage stamp, which is about the same size and color.

FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

WORTH has stopped making empire gowns.

THE law has been laid down: Short skirts, and only short skirts, are to be worn in the street.

NEW skirts for the street do not touch the ground, but house skirts are almost all made with short trains.

ONE of the new ideas is a black satin bodice and a skirt of some dark, rich cloth. Indeed, black satin as a waist material is quite to the fore.

WHITE will be very generally worn during the coming summer. Pretty simple dresses of white linen lawn, with hem-stitched tucks and hems, will be quite the thing for dainty young ladies.

AMONG elegant novelties in spring importations are skirt fronts and very wide shoulder sections of the most elaborate embroidery. Indeed, some of these trimmings are not very far from the barbaric.

PERTAINING TO SCIENCE.

A LEECH has three jaws, which form a triangle.

A TON of sea water is supposed to contain about fourteen grains of gold.

THE largest barometer yet made has been put in working order at the St. Jacques tower in Paris. It is 41 feet 5 inches high.

THE Smithsonian institution has an egg of the great auk, which became extinct about fifty years ago. The nominal value is $1,000.

SEA fowls' eggs have one remarkable peculiarity, they are nearly conical in form, broad at the base and sharp at the point, so that they will only roll in a circle. They are laid on the bare edges of high rocks, from which they would almost surely roll off save for this happy provision of nature.—Denver Great Divide.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

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WHITTEMORE'S BRIDGEPORT LINE.

Carrying the United States Mail.

Leaves BRIDGEPORT at 6 A. M. on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS for Coleville, Topaz and Holbrooks, CONNECTING WITH STAGES FOR Genoa and Carson.

MARTIN'S STAGE
Leaves GENOA,
(On ARRIVAL of STAGES from CARSON)
MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS,
Connecting at HOLBROOK'S, on above days, for
TOPAZ, COLEVILLE and BRIDGEPORT.

$10.

ROUND TRIP—$5 00.

BRIDGEPORT AND BODIE STAGE LINE,

Carrying the Mail and Express.
Connecting with the HAWTHORNE Stage.

Leaves Bridgeport every morning, except Sunday, at SIX o'clock—returning in the afternoon, Connecting with the ANTELOPE STAGE LINE for CARSON on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, ETC. taken to Bodie at reasonable rates.

WILLIAM H. ADAIR, Proprietor.

EASTWALKER RIVER TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

EAST WALKER RIVER WAGON ROAD are as follows:

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams, half-price.	

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE TOLL ROAD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE rates of tolls on the

BIG MEADOWS AND BODIE WAGON ROAD are as follows:

No deadheads will be permitted to pass on the road.

All tolls will be required to be paid at the time of passing the toll gates, as no credit is given

Buggy team	$1 50
Loaded wagon and two animals	1 00
Each additional pair of animals	50
Horseman	25
Pack Animals, each	25
Hogs and sheep, each	5
Loose stock, each	5
Empty teams half-price.	

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